

**DESIGNANDEVALUATIONOF HYDROXYZINE SYRUP****\*Sadiya K. S., Manisha P., Najeeba Farahath, Raihanath Safreena**

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**ABSTRACT**

Hydroxyzine is a first-generation antihistamine widely used for the treatment of anxiety, allergic conditions, pruritus, and nausea. The syrup was prepared using suitable excipients such as sweetening agents, preservatives, flavoring agents, and viscosity enhancers. Preformulation studies including organoleptic properties, solubility, partition coefficient, melting point, compatibility study, pH determination, and stability testing were carried out to ensure drug suitability for syrup formulation. The formulated syrup was further evaluated for organoleptic characteristics, physicochemical parameters, microbial quality, stability, and pourability. The study concludes that Hydroxyzine syrup can be successfully formulated as a stable and effective oral liquid preparation.

**INTRODUCTION**

Anxiety disorders are a group of mental health conditions characterized by excessive fear, worry, and nervousness that interfere with daily activities. They are among the most common psychiatric disorders worldwide, affecting quality of life, work productivity, and social functioning. Anxiety disorders happen when excessive anxiety interferes with your everyday activities such as going to work or school or spending time with friends or family. Anxiety disorders are serious mental illnesses. They are the most common mental disorders. Anxiety disorders are more than twice as common in women as in men.

Syrups are oral liquid dosage forms containing medicinal substances dissolved in a concentrated sugar solution or sugar substitute. Syrup formulations are especially beneficial for pediatric and geriatric patients who have difficulty swallowing tablets or capsules. The present work aims to formulate and evaluate Hydroxyzine syrup with acceptable stability,

palatability, and effectiveness.

## **Types of Anxiety Disorders**

### **1.GeneralizedAnxietyDisorder(GAD)**

Excessive anxiety and worry about a number of events or activities occurring for more days thannotoveraperiodofatleast6monthswithassociatedsymptoms(suchasfatigueandpoor concentration.

**2.SpecificPhobia**Markedandpersistentfearofclearlydiscernibleobjectsorsituations (such as flying, heights a

### **3.PostTraumaticStressDisorder**

Flashbacks,persistentfrighteningthoughtsandmemories,angerorirritabilityinresponsetoa terrifying experience in which physical harm occurred or was threatened (such as rape, child abuse, war or natural disaster).

### **4.SocialPhobia,alsoknownasSocialAnxiety Disorder**

Exposure to social or performance situations almost invariably provokes an immediate anxietyresponsethatmayincludepalpitations,tremors,sweating,gastrointestinaldiscomfort lead to panical attack.

### **5Obsessive-CompulsiveDisorder**

Obsessions:

Persistentthoughts,ideas,impulsesorimageshatareintrusiveandin appropriate and that cause marked anxiety or distress.

### **6. Panic disorder**

Presenceofrecurrent,unexpectedpanicattacks,followedbyatleast1monthofpersistent concern about having additional attacks, worry about the implication of the attack or its consequences, or a significant change in behaviour related to the attacks.

## **SymptomsofAnxiety**

- Excessiveworrying
- Restlessness
- Rapidheartbeat
- Sweating
- Trembling
- Difficulty concentrating
- Insomnia

- Irritability

### Anxiolytics

Anxiolytics are drugs used to reduce anxiety and promote calmness. These drugs act on the central nervous system and help in controlling anxiety-related symptoms.

### Classification of Anxiolytic

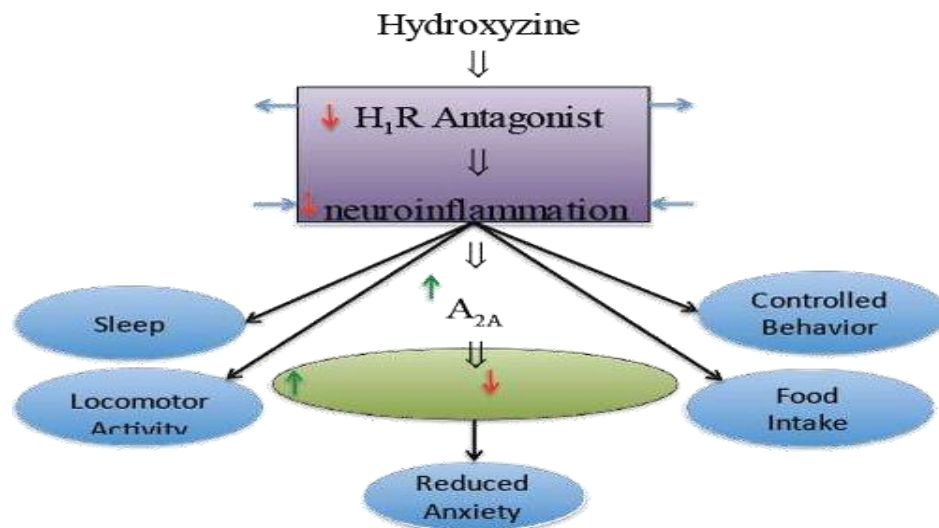
1. Benzodiazepines
2. Barbiturates
3. Antidepressants
4. Antihistamines
5. Beta-blockers

### Hydroxyzine as an Antihistamine

Hydroxyzine is a first-generation antihistamine with anxiolytic, sedative, antiemetic, and antipruritic properties. It is available in tablet, capsule, and syrup dosage forms.

### Mechanism of Action

Hydroxyzine acts by blocking histamine H<sub>1</sub> receptors and suppressing subcortical activity in the central nervous system. This action produces sedative and anxiolytic effects.



### Adverse Reactions

- Drowsiness
- Dry mouth
- Dizziness

- Headache
- Fatigue
- Blurred vision
- **USES**

1. Short-term treatment of anxiety
2. Acute anxiety and agitation
3. Pre-operative anxiety (Premedication)
4. associated with insomnia
5. Alternative to benzodiazepines
6. Anxiety with allergic conditions.

### **MARKETED FORMULATION OF HYDROXYZINE**

Hydroxyzine is marketed in different formulations to suit various routes of administration and patient needs. The two main salt forms available are hydroxyzine hydrochloride and hydroxyzine pamoate, which differ in pharmacokinetic properties and clinical use.

### **PREFORMULATION STUDIES OF HYDROXYZINE SYRUP:**

Preformulation studies are the first step in dosage-form development. They evaluate the physicochemical and biopharmaceutical properties of a drug to design a stable, safe, and effective formulation.

#### **1. Solubility Studies**

Solubility studies are performed to determine the extent to which a drug dissolves in various solvents and to select a suitable solvent system for formulation.

#### **2. Partition Coefficient (LogP)**

Partition coefficient is defined as the ratio of concentrations of an un-ionized drug distributed between two immiscible solvents, usually n-octanol (oil phase) and water (aqueous phase), at equilibrium and constant temperature.

#### **3. Stability Studies**

Stability studies are the studies carried out to determine the physical, chemical, and microbial stability of a drug or formulation under different storage conditions.

#### **4. Compatibility Studies**

Compatibility studies are preformulation investigations carried out to evaluate possible interactions between the drug and excipients, additives, or container material to ensure stability,

safety, and efficacy of the final dosage form

**5. PHDETERMINATION:**

MaintainedbetweenpH 3.5–5.5

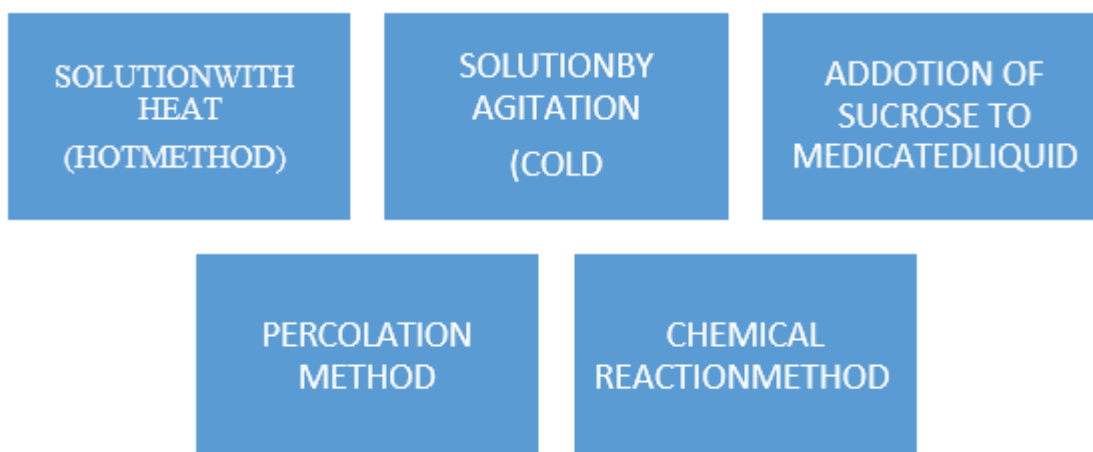
**6. IDENTIFICATIONTESTS:**

- UV spectroscopy
- FTIRspectrum
- Meltingpoint

**FORMULATIONOFHYDROXYZINESYRUP**

Formulationistheprocessofcombiningdifferentingredientsinspecificproportionsto produce a final product with desired properties such as effectiveness, stability, and acceptability.

**GENERALFORMULATIONMETHODDOFSYRUP.**



**TYPICALCOMPOSITION**

HYDROXYZINEHCL	AS PRESCRIBED
SUCROSE	60-65%
PURIFIEDWATER	qs
FLAVOURING AGENT	qs
COLORINGAGENT	qs
PRESERVATIVE	SMALLQAUNTITY

**SPECEFICMETHODFORHYDROXYZINESYRUPFORMULATION:**

HydroxyzineHCLwasaccuratelyweighedanddissolvedin small quantity of purified water. Preservative ,sweetening agent,coloring agent was added separately.The final volume was adjusted with syrup base and mixed thoroughly to get a homogenous syrup **EVALUATION** Hydroxyzinesyrupisan oralliquiddosageformcontaininghydroxyzinehydrochloride,a first-generationantihistamineusedforallergy,pruritus,anxiety,and sedation.Itisevaluated to

ensure quality, safety, efficacy, and compliance with pharmacopoeial standards (USP/IP/BP).

### **Evaluation Tests for Hydroxyzine Syrup**

#### **1. Organoleptic Tests**

Color, odour, taste and appearance were evaluated.

#### **Physicochemical Tests**

Parameters such as pH, viscosity, and density were determined.

#### **Chemical Tests**

Drug content and assay were performed to ensure uniformity.

#### **Physical Stability Test**

The formulation was checked for precipitation, crystal formation, and color change.

#### **Microbial Test**

Microbial contamination studies were conducted to ensure safety.

#### **Stability Studies**

The syrup was stored under different environmental conditions to evaluate stability.

#### **Pourability Test**

The flow property and ease of pouring were evaluated.

### **LABELLING**

Label details:

- Drug name
- Strength
- Storage conditions
- Expiry date

### **PACKAGING**

Syrups are packed in well-closed containers to protect them from contamination, moisture, light, and microbial growth. Proper packaging also helps maintain the stability, taste, and effectiveness of the preparation.

#### **Ideal Requirements of Syrup Packaging**

- Should be chemically inert and non-reactive
- Must provide airtight sealing
- Should protect from light and moisture
- Easy to handle, transport, and dispense

## STORAGE

Syrup should be stored under suitable conditions to maintain their stability, quality, and effectiveness.

### Storage Conditions

- Store in a **cool and dry place**
- Protect from **direct sunlight and excessive heat**
- Keep the container **tightly closed**
- Store at **room temperature (usually below 25°C)**

## CONCLUSION

The design and evaluation of Hydroxyzine syrup was carried out successfully by considering suitable pharmaceutical formulation principles and evaluation parameters. Hydroxyzine, an antihistamine with anxiolytic activity, is widely used in the management of anxiety and allergic conditions. The formulation was prepared using appropriate excipients to achieve acceptable stability, palatability, and therapeutic effectiveness.

Various preformulation studies such as organoleptic properties, solubility, partition coefficient, melting point, pH determination, compatibility studies, and stability studies confirmed the suitability of the drug for syrup formulation. The prepared syrup was further evaluated through physicochemical, chemical, microbial, and stability tests, and the results were found to be within acceptable limits.

Overall, the formulated Hydroxyzine syrup showed good appearance, stability, pourability, and safety, indicating that it is an effective and patient-friendly liquid dosage form. Proper packaging, labeling, and storage conditions also contribute to maintaining the quality and efficacy of the formulation.